§728.3

treatment of illnesses or injuries occurring at work. Furnish such health services to both active duty military personnel and naval civilian employees per current directives.

(aa) Retired member. A member or former member of a uniformed service who is entitled to retired or retainer pay, or equivalent pay, as a result of service in a uniformed service. This includes a member or former member who is: (1) Retired for length of service; (2) permanently or temporarily retired for physical disability; (3) on the emergency officers' retired list and is entitled to retired pay for physical disability; or (4) otherwise in receipt of retired pay under chapter 67 of title 10.

(bb) *Routine care.* Medical and dental care necessary to maintain health or dental functions other than care of an emergency or elective nature.

(cc) Supplemental care or services. When medical or dental management is retained by a naval MTF and required care is not available at the facility retaining management, any additional material, professional diagnostic or consultative services, or other personal services ordered by qualified uniformed service providers, and obtained for the care of that patient are supplemental. See §728.12 concerning the management of active duty member patients.

(dd) *Uniformed services*. The Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, Army, Coast Guard, Commissioned Corps of the Public Health Service, and the Commissioned Corps of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

(ee) *USMTF*. Uniformed services medical treatment facility.

(ff) Visit, outpatient. Appearance by an eligible beneficiary at a separate, organized clinic or specialty service for: Examination, diagnosis, treatment, evaluation, consultation, counseling, or medical advice; or treatment of an eligible beneficiary in quarters; and a signed and dated entry is made in the patient's health record. Specifically excluded are personnel in an inpatient status at the time of such a visit.

§ 728.3 General restrictions and priorities.

(a) Restrictions. (1) Naval MTFs provide care to all eligible beneficiaries subject to the capabilities of the professional staff and the availability of space and facilities.

(2) Hospitalization and outpatient services may be provided outside the continental limits of the United States and in Alaska to officers and employees of any department or agency of the Federal Government, to employees of a contractor with the United States or the contractor's subcontractor, to accompanying dependents of such persons, and in emergencies to such other persons as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe: Provided, such services are not otherwise available in reasonably accessible and appropriate non-Federal facilities. Hospitalization of such individuals in a naval MTF is limited to the treatment of acute medical and surgical conditions, exclusive of nervous, mental, or contagious diseases, or those requiring domiciliary care. Routine dental care, other than dental prosthesis or orthodontia, may be rendered on a space available basis outside the continental limits of the United States and in Alaska, Provided, such services are not otherwise available in reasonably accessible and appropriate non-Federal facilities.

(b) *Priorities.* When care cannot be rendered to all eligible beneficiaries, the priorities in the following chart will prevail. Make no distinction as to the sponsoring uniformed service when providing care or deciding priorities.

PRIORITIES FOR THE VARIOUS CATEGORIES OF PERSONNEL ELIGIBLE FOR CARE IN NAVY MEDICAL DEPARTMENT FACILITIES

Pri- ority	Category	Degree of entitlement
1	A. Members of the uniformed services on active duty (including active duty for training and inactive duty training) and comparable personnel of the NATO nations meeting the conditions prescribed in this part.	See subpart B.
	B. Members of a Reserve Component of the Armed Forces and National Guard personnel under orders.	See subpart C.

PRIORITIES FOR THE VARIOUS CATEGORIES OF PERSONNEL ELIGIBLE FOR CARE IN NAVY MEDICAL DEPARTMENT FACILITIES—Continued

Pri- ority	Category	Degree of entitlement
2	Dependents of active duty members of the uniformed services, dependents of persons who died while in such a status, and the dependents of active duty members of NATO nations meeting the conditions prescribed in subpart E of this part.	See subparts D and E.
3	Members of the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps of the Armed Forces.	See § 728.23.
4	Retired members of the uniformed services and their dependents and dependents of deceased retired members.	See subpart D.
5	Civilian employees of the Federal Government under the limited circumstances covered by the Federal Employees' Health Service program.	See § 728.80.
6	All others, including ex-service maternity eligibles	See subparts F and G.

§728.4 Policies.

- (a) Admissions to closed psychiatric wards. Admit patients to closed psychiatric wards only when they have a psychiatric or emotional disorder which renders them dangerous to themselves or others, or when a period of careful closed psychiatric observation is necessary to determine whether such a condition exists. When a patient is admitted to a closed psychiatric ward, the reason for admission must be clearly stated in the patient's clinical record by the physician admitting the patient to the ward. These same policies apply equally in those instances when it becomes necessary to place a patient under constant surveillance while in an open ward.
- (b) Absence from the sick list. See §728.4 (d), (x), and (y).
- (c) Charges and collection. Charges for services rendered vary and are set by the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) and published in a yearly NAVMEDCOMNOTE 6320, (Cost elements of medical, dental, subsistence rates, and hospitalization bills). Billing and collection actions also vary according to entitlement or eligibility and are governed by the provisions of NAVMED P-5020, Resource Management Handbook. See subpart J on the initiation of collection action on pay patients.
- (d) Convalescent leave. Convalescent leave, a period of authorized absence of active duty members under medical care when such persons are not yet fit for duty, may be granted by a mem-

ber's commanding officer (CO) or the hospital's CO per the following:

- (I) Unless otherwise indicated, grant such leave only when recommended by COMNAVMEDCOM through action taken upon a report by a medical board, or the recommended findings of a physical evaluation board or higher authority.
- (2) Member's commanding officer (upon advice of attending physician); commanding officers of Navy, Army, or Air Force medical facilities; commanders of regional medical commands for persons hospitalized in designated USTFs or in civilian facilities within their respective areas of authority; and managers of Veterans Administration hospitals within the 50 United States or in puerto Rico may grant convalescent leave to active duty naval patients, with or without reference to a medical board, physical evaluation board, or higher authority provided the:
- (i) Convalescent leave is being granted subsequent to a period of hospitalization.
- (ii) Member is not awaiting disciplinary action or separation from the service for medical or administrative reasons.
 - (iii) Medical officer in charge:
- (A) Considers the convalescent leave beneficial to the patient's health.
- (B) Certifies that the patient is not fit for duty, will not need hospital treatment during the contemplated convalescent leave period, and that such leave will not delay final disposition of the patient.